How to deal with Symptoms of COVID-19 during the school day - information for parents/carers

Parents and Staff must adhere to up to date Government guidance on dealing with symptoms of COVID-19; <u>https://www.gov.uk/coronavirus</u> in order to minimise contact with individuals who are unwell with coronavirus symptoms.

We have also compiled a '**What to do if...**' information sheet for parents that is on our website and has been emailed out to parents. It is included as an appendix to this document and should support them with what actions to take if their child or family member is showing symptoms.

What to do if someone becomes ill during the school day.

If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new and persistent cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection', which sets out that they should self-isolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19).

We will phone parents/carers to inform them that their child is unwell, but continue to care for them as we would any poorly child awaiting collection.

If they have had symptoms of COVID-19 or a positive test, then you may end your selfisolation after 10 days and return to your normal routine if you do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell or taste. If you still have a high temperature, keep selfisolating until your temperature returns to normal and seek medical advice.

After 10 days, if you just have a cough or a loss of, or change in, your normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), you do not need to continue to self-isolate. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when you first became ill.

Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms.

Appendix

What to do if	Action Needed	Return to school when
my child has coronavirus symptoms.	 Get a test Inform school 	the test comes back negative and they no longer have symptoms. They have isolated for 10 days and no longer show symptoms.
my child tasts	about the situation	they have been isolating for at least 10 days
my child tests positive for	-	they have been isolating for at least 10 days and feel better.
coronavirus.		Sometimes they still have a cough, loss of
coronavirus.		
		smell/taste for several weeks so as long as they
		meet the above criteria and feel well enough for
		school they can come back)
,		the household member's test is negative.
,	child to school	
has coronavirus		
symptoms.	3. Household	
	member to get a test,	
	and hopefully rest of	
	family.	
	4. Inform school	
	about the situation	
somebody in	1. Do not send your	the child has completed 14 days of self-isolation
my house has	child to school	and has no symptoms.
tested positive	2. Self isolate for 14	
for	days	
coronavirus.	3. Inform school	
	about the situation	
NHS test and	1. Do not send your	the child has completed 14 days of self-
trace have		isolation and has no symptoms.
identified my	2. Self- isolate for 14	
child as a 'close	days	
contact' of	3. Inform school	
	about the situations	
symptoms or		
confirmed		
coronavirus.		
we/my child	1. Do not send your	the quarantine period of 14 days has been
has travelled		completed and your child and members of your
		household continue to have no symptoms.
isolate as part	days	
	3. Inform school	
quarantine.	about the situation	

we have	1. Do not send your	you are informed that restrictions have been
received	child to school	lifted and your child can return to school again.
medical advice	2. Shield until you	
that my child	are informed that the	
must resume	restrictions have been	
shielding.	lifted.	
	3. Inform school	
	about the situation.	